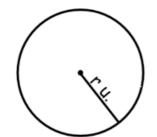
## G7B-3 Notes- Areas of Circles and Sectors



The <u>area of a circle</u> is  $\frac{\text{radius}^2 \pi}{A = r^2 \pi}$  don't for units.

Example calculations:



| > | Radius | Area                             |  |
|---|--------|----------------------------------|--|
|   | 5 m.   | $5^2\pi = 25\pi \text{ sq. m.}$  |  |
|   | 1 yd.  | $1^2 \pi = 1\pi \text{ sq. yd.}$ |  |
|   | 3 ft.  | $3^2\pi = 9\pi  \text{sq. ft.}$  |  |

## A <u>sector</u> is a portion of the <u>area of the circle</u>

| Example: Find the area of the sector bordered by $\widehat{AB}$ . | A 60°  |
|---|--|
| Step 1:<br>Find the area of the circle.                           | $A = 5^2 \pi$<br>= 25 $\pi$ sq. m.                                     |
| Step 2: Find the fraction of the circle made up of the sector.    | $\frac{60^{\circ}}{360^{\circ}} = \frac{1}{6}$                         |
| Step 3: Multiply the area by the fraction.                        | Area of the sector = $ \frac{1}{6}(25\pi) $ = $\frac{25\pi}{6}$ Sq. M. |